# LEGISLATIVE SERVICES AGENCY OFFICE OF FISCAL AND MANAGEMENT ANALYSIS

301 State House (317) 232-9855

#### FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

**LS 7851 DATE PREPARED:** Jan 7, 2001

BILL NUMBER: HB 1468 BILL AMENDED:

**SUBJECT:** Spotlighting Deer.

FISCAL ANALYST: Sherry Fontaine

**PHONE NUMBER: 232-9867** 

FUNDS AFFECTED: X GENERAL IMPACT: State & Local

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<u>Summary of Legislation:</u> This bill prohibits a person from shining a spotlight, searchlight, or any other artificial light from a highway, street, or right-of-way into any field, woodland, or forest for the purpose of spotting, taking, attempting to take, or assisting another person to take a deer.

Effective Date: July 1, 2001.

#### **Explanation of State Expenditures:**

Explanation of State Revenues: This bill adds an additional offense for which a Class C misdemeanor applies. If additional court cases occur and fines are collected, revenue to both the Common School Fund and the state General Fund would increase. The maximum fine for a Class C misdemeanor is \$500. Criminal fines are deposited in the Common School Fund. If the case is filed in a circuit, superior, or county court, 70% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed and collected when a guilty verdict is entered would be deposited in the state General Fund. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 55% of the fee would be deposited in the state General Fund.

**Explanation of Local Expenditures:** A Class C misdemeanor is punishable by up to 60 days in jail. The average daily cost to incarcerate a prisoner in a county jail is approximately \$44.

Explanation of Local Revenues: If additional court actions occur and a guilty verdict is entered, local governments would receive revenue from the following sources: (1) The county general fund would receive 27% of the \$120 court fee that is assessed in a court of record. Cities and towns maintaining a law enforcement agency that prosecutes at least 50% of its ordinance violations in a court of record may receive 3% of court fees. If the case is filed in a city or town court, 20% of the court fee would be deposited in the county general fund and 25% would be deposited in the city or town general fund. (2) A \$3 fee would be assessed and, if collected, would be deposited into the county law enforcement continuing education fund.

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(3) A \$2 jury fee is assessed and, if collected, would be deposited into the county user fee fund to supplement the compensation of jury members.

## **State Agencies Affected:**

**Local Agencies Affected:** Trial courts, local law enforcement agencies.

### **Information Sources:**

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